

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

## To the Members of ACC Limited

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of ACC Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at December 31, 2014, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards notified under the Companies Act, 1956 ("the Act") read with General Circular 8/2014 dated April 04, 2014 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the

circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:

- (a) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at December 31, 2014;
- (b) in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the profit for the year ended on that date; and
- (c) in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 36 (A) (e) of the financial statements, relating to the order of the Competition Commission of India, concerning alleged contravention of the provisions of the Competition Act, 2002 and imposing a penalty of ₹ 1,147.59 Crore on the Company. Based on the advice of external legal counsel, no provision has been considered necessary by the Company in this regard. Our opinion is not qualified in respect of this matter.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (4A) of section 227 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Order.

2. As required by section 227(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss, and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement comply with the Accounting Standards notified under the Companies Act, 1956, read with General Circular 8/2014 dated April 04, 2014 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs;
  - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on December 31, 2014, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on December 31, 2014, from being appointed as a director in terms of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 274 of the Companies Act, 1956.

**For S R B C & CO LLP**

*Chartered Accountants*

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E

**per RAVI BANSAL**

*Partner*

Membership Number: 49365

Place: Mumbai

Date: February 03, 2015

## ANNEXURE TO THE AUDITOR'S REPORT

Annexure referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date

Re: ACC Limited ('the Company')

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 4(iii) (e) to (g) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (b) All fixed assets have not been physically verified during the year by the management but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is an adequate internal control system commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business, for the purchase of inventory and fixed assets and for the sale of goods and services. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any major weakness or continuing failure to correct any major weakness in the internal control system of the Company in respect of these areas.
- (c) There was no disposal of a substantial part of fixed assets during the year.
- (ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. (v) (a) According to the information and explanations provided by the management, we are of the opinion that the particulars of contracts or arrangements referred to in section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956 that need to be entered into the register maintained under section 301 have been so entered. In evaluating the parties to be covered under section 301, only contracts or arrangements upto March 31, 2014 (being the last day up to which this section was applicable to the Company) have been considered.
- (b) The procedures of physical verification of inventory followed by the management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
- (c) The Company is maintaining proper records of inventory and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- (iii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties (determined in the manner stated in clause (v) (a) below) covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 4(iii) (b) to (d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon. (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and having regard to the explanation that certain services availed are of a specialized nature for which comparable quotations are not available, the transactions made in pursuance of such contracts or arrangements and exceeding the value of Rupees five lakhs have been entered into during the financial year at prices that are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices at the relevant time.
- (b) According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any loans, secured or unsecured, from companies, firms or other parties (determined in the manner stated in clause (v) (a) below) covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956. (vi) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- (vii) In our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size of the Company and nature of its business.

- (viii) We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 209(1)(d) of the Companies Act, 1956, for the period upto March 31, 2014 (the Companies Act, 1956 and relevant section has been replaced by the Companies Act, 2013 effective April 01, 2014) related to the manufacture of Cement and Ready Mix Concrete, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the same.
- (ix) (a) According to the records of the Company, provident fund, investor education and protection fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, wealth-tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, investor education and protection fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, wealth-tax, service tax, sales-tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and other material statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- (c) According to the records of the Company, the dues outstanding of income-tax, sales-tax, wealth tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty and cess on account of any dispute, are as follows:

( ₹ Crores)

Name of Statute (Nature of Dues)	Period to which the amount Relates	Forum where dispute is pending					Total Amount
		Commissionerate	Appellate authorities & Tribunal	High Court	Supreme Court		
Sales Tax (Tax / Penalty / Interest)	1984-85 to 2014-15	27.54	140.18	107.10	6.15	280.97	
Central Excise Act (Duty / Penalty / Interest)	1994-95 to 2014-15	2.89	20.68	0.99	2.34	26.90	
Service Tax under Finance Act, 1994 (Tax / Penalty / Interest)	2005-06 to 2014-15	1.08	17.08	-	-	18.16	
Cess Matters	2003-04 to 2014-15	-	-	7.73	17.29	25.02	
Customs Duty Matters (Duty / Penalty / Interest)	2012-13	-	15.03	-	-	15.03	
<b>Total</b>		<b>31.51</b>	<b>192.97</b>	<b>115.82</b>	<b>25.78</b>	<b>366.08</b>	

- (x) The Company has no accumulated losses at the end of the financial year and it has not incurred cash losses in the current and immediately preceding financial year.
- (xi) Based on our audit procedures and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to debenture holders. The Company did not have any outstanding dues in respect of financial institution or bank during the year.
- (xii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the documents and records produced to us, the Company has not granted loans and advances on the basis of security by way of pledge of shares, debentures and other securities.

- (xiii) In our opinion, the Company is not a chit fund or a nidhi / mutual benefit fund / society. Therefore, the provisions of clause 4(xiii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) In our opinion, the Company is not dealing in or trading in shares, securities, debentures and other investments. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 4(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from bank or financial institutions.
- (xvi) Based on information and explanations given to us by the management, term loans were applied for the purpose for which loans were obtained.
- (xvii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term investment.
- (xviii) The Company has not made any preferential allotment of shares to parties or companies covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Companies Act, 1956 for the period upto March 31, 2014 (the Companies Act, 1956 and relevant section has been replaced by the Companies Act, 2013 effective April 01, 2014).
- (xix) The Company had created securities or charge in respect of debentures issued.
- (xx) The Company has not raised any money by way of public issues during the year. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xx) of the Order are not applicable and hence not commented upon.
- (xxi) To the best of our knowledge, and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company, has been noticed or reported during the year.

**For S R B C & CO LLP***Chartered Accountants*

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 324982E

**per RAVI BANSAL***Partner*

Membership Number: 49365

Place: Mumbai

Date: February 03, 2015